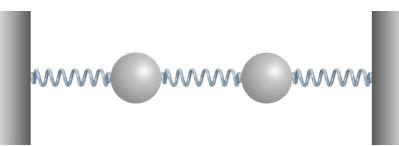
## **Coupled oscillators**

Consider the following simple example



Each ball has mass m, and each spring has force constant k. Assign a displacement  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  to each of the two balls along the direction normal to the two end walls. The two ends are fixed.

- 1. Write an equation for the potential energy of this system for any displacement of each ball.
- 2. Differentiate the potential energy to derive an equation for the instantaneous force on each atom for any displacement of each ball.
- 3. By equating the force to a mass x acceleration, write a differential equation of motion for each ball.
- 4. Assume a general solution of the form

$$x_1 = C_1 \cos \omega t$$
$$x_2 = C_2 \cos \omega t$$

and substitute these solutions into the differential equations. Recast these two equations as a matrix equation (and replace k/m by the square of the spring angular frequency).

- 5. By finding the eigenvalues of the square matrix, obtain equations for the angular frequencies of the two normal modes.
- 6. Use these two eigenvalues to calculate the relative displacements of the two balls for each normal mode.